

SAFE HARBOR

Forward-Looking Information Statements in this Presentation (or otherwise made by JetBlue or on JetBlue's behalf) contain various forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, which represent our management's beliefs and assumptions concerning future events. These statements are intended to qualify for the "safe harbor" from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used in this Presentation, the words "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "indicates," "believes," "forecast," "guidance," "outlook," "may," "will," "should," "seeks," "targets" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements involve risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, and are based on information currently available to us. Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements due to many factors, including, without limitation, the coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic and the outbreak of any other disease or similar public health threat that affects travel demand or behavior; restrictions on our business related to the financing we accepted under various federal government support programs such as the CARES Act, and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021; our significant fixed obligations and substantial indebtedness; risk associated with execution of our strategic operating plans in the near-term and long-term; the recording of a material impairment loss of tangible or intangible assets; our extremely competitive industry; volatility in financial and credit markets which could affect our ability to obtain debt and/or lease financing or to raise funds through debt or equity issuances; volatility in fuel prices, maintenance costs and interest rates; our reliance on high daily aircraft utilization; our ability to implement our growth strategy; our ability to attract and retain qualified personnel and maintain our culture as we grow; our reliance on a limited number of suppliers, including for aircraft, aircraft engines and parts and vulnerability to delays by those suppliers; our dependence on the New York and Boston metropolitan markets and the effect of increased congestion in these markets; our reliance on automated systems and technology; our being subject to potential unionization, work stoppages, slowdowns or increased labor costs; our presence in some international emerging markets that may experience political or economic instability or may subject us to legal risk; reputational and business risk from information security breaches or cyber-attacks; changes in or additional domestic or foreign government regulation, including new or increased tariffs; changes in our industry due to other airlines' financial condition; acts of war or terrorism; global economic conditions or an economic downturn leading to a continuing or accelerated decrease in demand for air travel; adverse weather conditions or natural disasters; and external geopolitical events and conditions. It is routine for our internal projections and expectations to change as the year or each quarter in the year progresses, and therefore it should be clearly understood that the internal projections, beliefs, and assumptions upon which we base our expectations may change prior to the end of each quarter or year.

Given the risks and uncertainties surrounding forward-looking statements, you should not place undue reliance on these statements. Further information concerning these and other factors is contained in the Company's Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including but not limited to, the Company's 2020 Annual Report on Form 10-K and its Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events discussed in this Presentation might not occur. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this Presentation. Other than as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update or revise forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

This Presentation also includes certain "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined under the Exchange Act and in accordance with Regulation G. We have included reconciliations of these non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and provided in accordance with U.S. GAAP within Appendices A and B of this Presentation.

2Q 2021 EARNINGS UPDATE

ROBIN HAYES
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ROBUST PROGRESS TOWARDS EARNINGS RECOVERY

2Q 2021 EARNINGS

- GAAP earnings per share of \$0.20; non-GAAP loss per share of (\$0.65)⁽¹⁾
- Adjusted EBITDA of (\$86M) ⁽¹⁾ versus expected range of (\$115M) – (\$165M) ⁽¹⁾ ⁽²⁾
- Revenue down (29%) Yo2Y; capacity down (15%) Yo2Y; OpEx down (27%) Yo2Y (GAAP), down (7%) Yo2Y (non-GAAP) (1)

2Q 2021 BALANCE SHEET

- \$3.7B of liquidity at 2Q close, equal to 46% of 2019 revenue
- Adjusted Debt to Cap ratio at 55% (1) (3)
- Significantly reduced net debt by ~\$1.2B to below pre-pandemic levels during the quarter

3Q 2021 PLANNING ASSUMPTIONS*

- Adjusted EBITDA between \$75M to \$175M
- Capacity between 0 (3%) vs 3Q 2019
- Revenue down between (4%) (9%) vs 3Q 2019
- CASM ex-Fuel up 11% 13% vs 3Q 2019

KEY LIQUIDITY UPDATE

- In 2Q21 received ~\$1.1B, inclusive of PSP2 & PSP3 funds as well as other sources of cash
- Fully paid down term loan of \$722M

ietBlue

⁽¹⁾ Refer to reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures in Appendices A & B

⁽²⁾ EBITDA includes SW&B paid with PSP funds

⁽³⁾ As of June 30, 2021

EXECUTING INITIATIVES TO REBUILD MARGINS AND REPAIR BALANCE SHEET

COMMERCIAL

Execute margin accretive revenue and network initiatives



Implementing Northeast Alliance

Executing Fare Options Update

Evolving Loyalty program and JetBlue Travel Products

COSTS

Remaining disciplined on cost control to drive superior margins



Maintaining fixed cost savings

Doubling-down on productivity

Extending E190s to drive earnings growth

CAPITAL ALLOCATION

Focus on high-margin investments and repairing balance sheet



Driving net debt to below prepandemic levels

Investing in margin-accretive next-generation aircraft

Targeting Debt to Capital ratio of 30 – 40% by end of 2024

Restore earnings and expand margins beyond 2019 levels

ENSURING LONG TERM FUTURE SUCCESS THROUGH OUR ESG STRATEGY

FOCUS AREAS HIGHLIGHTS / KEY DEVELOPMENTS Achieving domestic carbon neutrality today by using carbon offsets Expanding use of sustainable aviation fuel in our LAX operations **Sustainability** Investing in margin-accretive next-generation aircraft Integrating lower-carbon emitting operations and technologies Rolling out new Crewmember education programs **Diversity, Equity &** Broadening co-branded customer base through unique path to credit Inclusion Growing spend with underrepresented and disadvantaged Business **Partners**

COMMERCIAL UPDATE & OUTLOOK

JOANNA GERAGHTY
PRESIDENT & CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

DEPLOYING INITIATIVES TO EXPAND REVENUE AND MARGINS

Northeast Alliance

- NEA unlocking growth for both JetBlue and American in the Northeast
- Codeshare performance exceeding expectations
- Early response from corporate travelers encouraging, including opening up new customers

Fare Options Evolution

- Demand for Blue fare increased double-digits as customers seek guaranteed carry-on bag space and no change/cancel fees
- Increased buy up rate contributing ~2 points of incremental revenue
- New Blue Basic Fare enhances ability to offer lower fares for most price sensitive customers

Co-branded Credit Card

- New Barclays and MasterCard agreement driving one point of incremental annualized revenue and margin
- Industry-leading acquisition terms will supercharge account growth
- Evolved product set will expand portfolio relevancy

JetBlue Travel Products

- Vacations sales up ~60% vs 2019, plus improved unit economics
- Travel insurance take rate at historically high levels as we better tailor products to evolving Customer needs
- Car rental revenue also at historically high levels, as we better target offers via Paisly platform

Creating long-term value for our stakeholders

RENEWED CO-BRANDED AGREEMENT AND EXPANDING LOYALTY PROGRAM

CO-BRANDED AGREEMENT

Industry-Leading Terms



Add ~1 point of annualized revenue and margin

JetBlue Plus Card acquisition strength

Portfolio total spend is up materially over 2019 levels

Creatively providing credit to underserved







LOYALTY PROGRAM GROWTH

Evolving TrueBlue Program



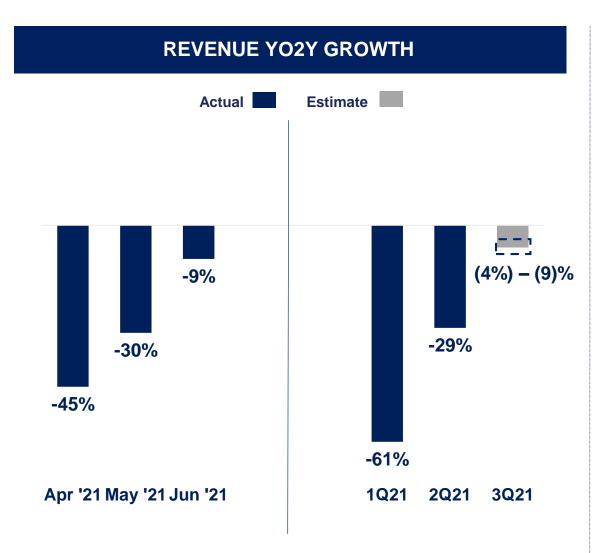
Enhancing product set

Accelerating portfolio growth through Northeast Alliance

Enhancing redemptions with JetBlue Travel Products

Improving earn & burn on other airlines

GENERATING CONTINUED SEQUENTIAL REVENUE IMPROVEMENT



Note: Versus 2019. Current planning assumption as of July 27,

2021; does not constitute guidance

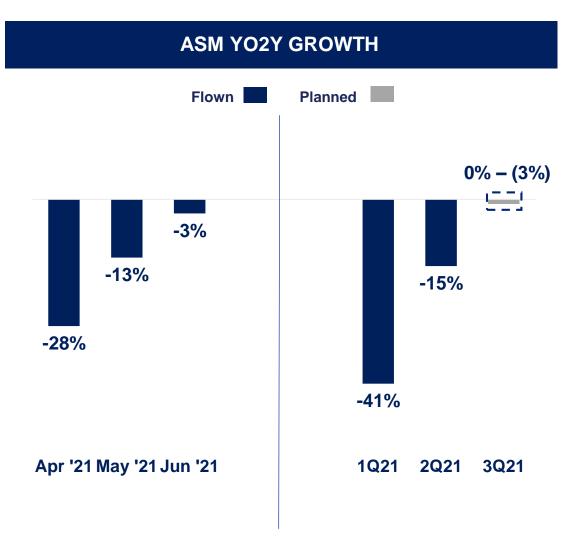
Strong revenue rebound during 2Q21

- Revenue declined 29% Yo2Y, following robust acceleration in leisure bookings beginning early February and a 1.5 pts benefit from a renewed co-branded agreement
- Double-digit sequential growth in load factors with broad improvement across all geographies

Revenue recovery remains solid into 3Q21

- Resurgence in leisure travel for summer
- Expect continued TRASM improvement with system load factor nearing pre-pandemic levels aided by growing mix of business travel
- Expecting business travel to improve after Labor Day
- Four key initiatives ramping and collectively contributing to significant Q3 revenue improvement

CAPACITY DEPLOYMENT LEVERED TO DEMAND RECOVERY



- Restoring capacity to pre-pandemic levels to rebuild margins and position for earnings recovery
 - Deploying growing fleet into the top performing markets generating the best returns
 - Remaining nimble given risks from COVID variants
- Leveraging Northeast Alliance with American Airlines
 - Re-building business market frequencies ahead of expected fall business travel recovery
 - Announced 32 new routes this year; doubling our presence in LGA by end of year

Note: Versus 2019. Current planning assumption as of July 27,

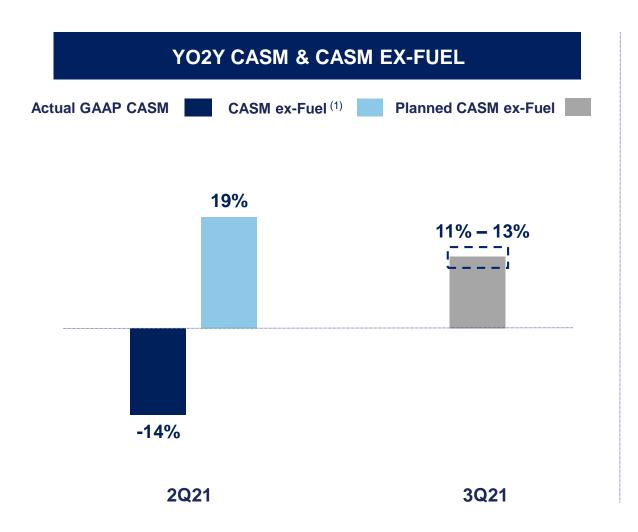
FINANCIAL UPDATE & OUTLOOK

URSULA HURLEY
ACTING CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

SUMMARY FINANCIALS 2Q 2021

METRIC	2Q 2021	2Q 2019	Change Yo2
Revenue (US\$ million)	1,499	2,105	(29%)
Operating Expenses (GAAP) (US\$ million)	1,352	1,855	(27%)
Operating Expenses (Adjusted) (US\$ million) (1)	1,718	1,853	(7%)
EBITDA (Adjusted) (US\$ million) (1)	(86)	379	NM
Earnings/(Loss) per Share (GAAP)	0.20	0.59	NM
Earnings/(Loss) per Share ⁽¹⁾ (Non-GAAP) ⁽¹⁾	(0.65)	0.60	NM

MAINTAINING FOCUS ON COSTS AS OPERATION RAMPS UP



- Mitigating cost pressures through disciplined management
 - 2Q21 performance in-line with expectations on solid cost execution
 - Expect 3Q21 vs 3Q19 to increase partly driven by temporary headwinds from airport rents and landing fees, and operational ramp up costs

MITIGATING COST PRESSURES AND STRENGTHENING MARGINS

Q3 2021 CASM ex-fuel mainly driven by short-term recovery headwinds and maintenance deferrals

11% - 13%

5 - 6% Short-Term headwinds

6 - 7% Remaining headwinds

2021 Q3

2021 short-term headwinds expected to dissipate into 2022:

- Rents and landing fees pressure: ~3 4pts
- Ramp up labor related costs: ~2pts

Remaining headwinds largely to be offset through ongoing Structural Cost Actions:

- Maintenance deferral: ~3 4pts
- Labor and external inflation: ~2pts
- Northeast Alliance investments: ~1pts

Structural cost actions to offset maintenance and inflationary headwinds

Boosting productivity

Lowering support center costs and driving IT efficiencies

Optimizing business partner spend

Managing volume of maintenance events

2022 CASM-ex impacted by marginaccretive Northeast Alliance investments*

Low single digits

2022

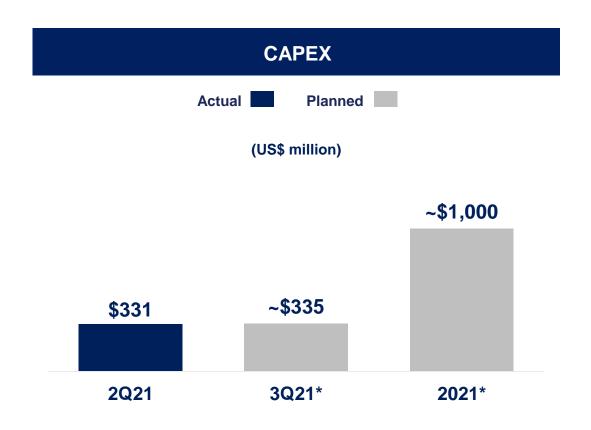
Delayed E190 retirements

Accelerated growth in high-cost, high-value airports

Investments in seamless customer experiences

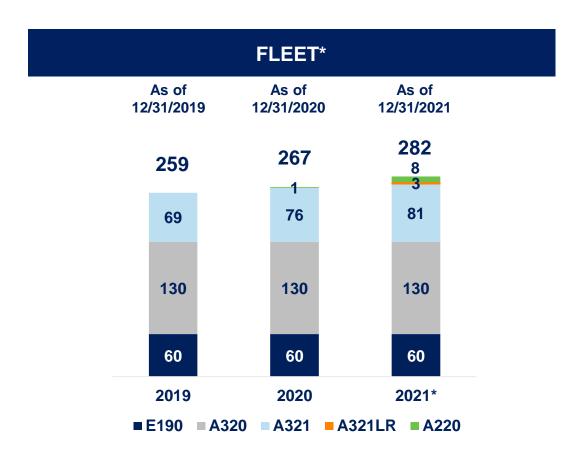
jetBlue Note: Versus 2019. Current planning assumption as of July 27, 2021; does not constitute guidance * Northeast Alliance expected to add ~2-4pts of CASM-ex pressure in 2022

CONTINUING TO INVEST IN HIGH RETURN AIRCRAFT



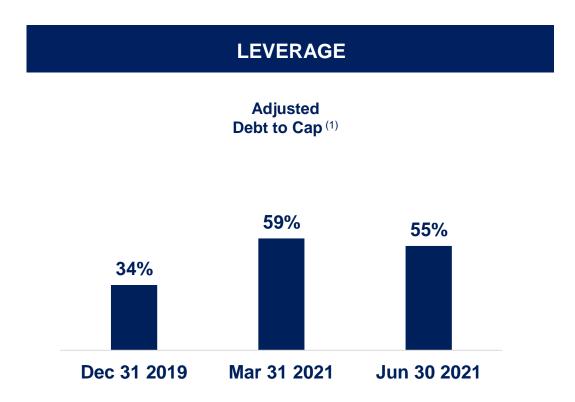


Prioritizing highest ROI non-aircraft CAPEX projects

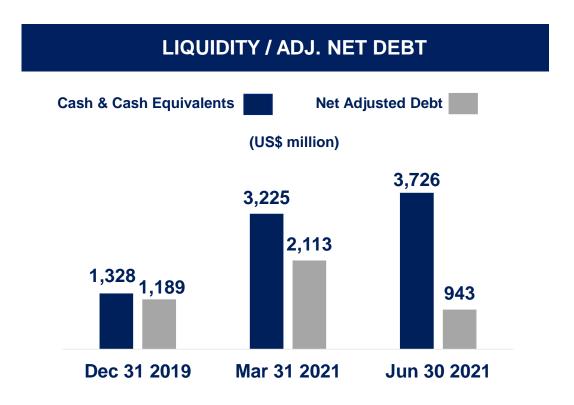


- Taking next generation aircraft to improve margins, fuel efficiency and reduce carbon emissions
- In 2Q21, took delivery of 2 A220s, 2 A321neos and 2 A321LRs
- Anticipate delivery of 4 A220s and 1 A321LRs in 3Q21

DISCIPLINED APPROACH TO BALANCE SHEET REPAIR

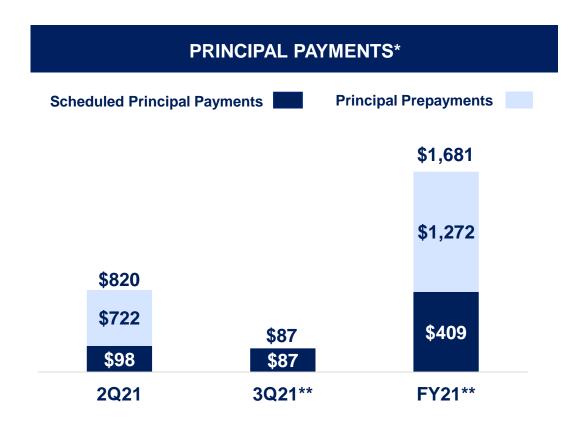


- Actively lowering debt towers by paying off scheduled debt payments and additional prepayments
- Well-positioned to achieve investment grade metrics by end of 2024



- In 2Q21, received ~\$1.1B collectively from multiple sources
- Below pre-pandemic net debt levels, reduced net debt levels to \$0.9B

REDUCING OUR DEBT SERVICE OBLIGATIONS



- 1Q21 repaid revolving credit facility for \$550M
- 2Q21 repaid term loan for \$722M

*Cash outflows related to principal repayment schedule and P&L interest as of 6/30/2021; does not assume any future debt raises or additional prepayments and does not constitute guidance

Current planning assumption as of July 27, 2021; does not constitute guidance **jetBlue

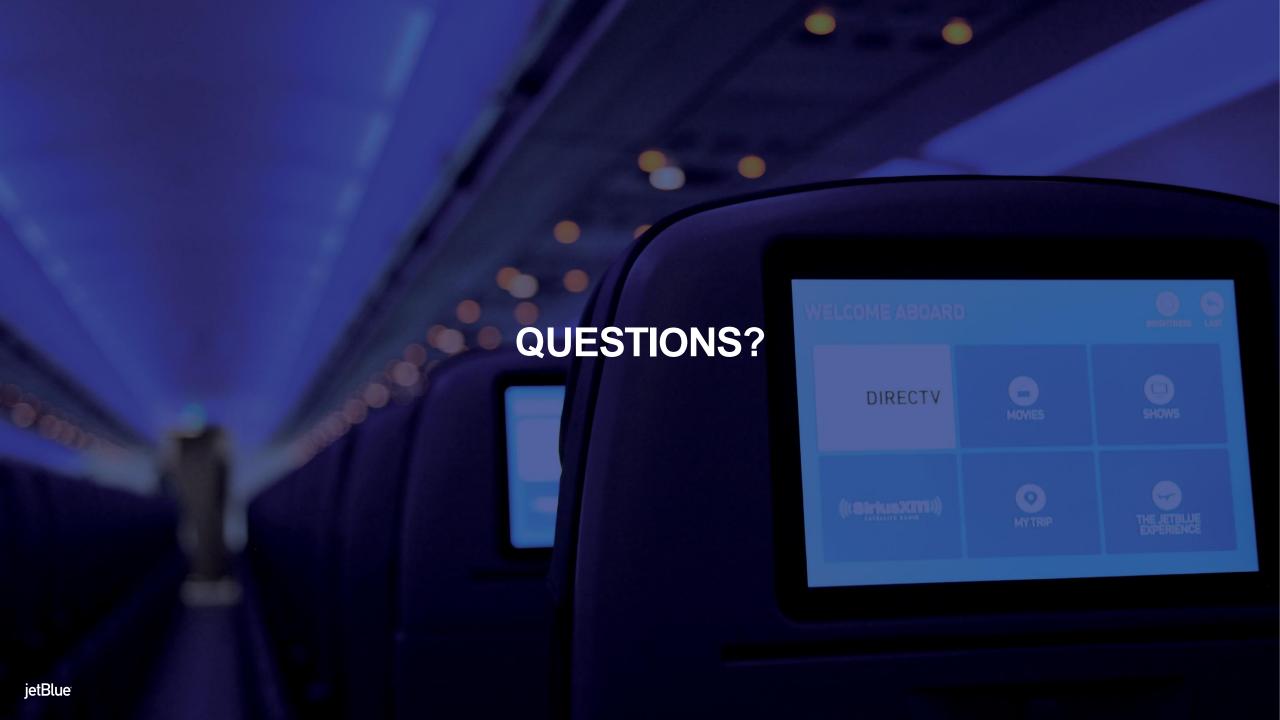
P&L INTEREST EXPENSE* / SAVINGS Interest Savings P&L Interest Expense (US\$ million) \$31 \$194 14 \$54 \$42 **2Q21** 3Q21** **FY21****

- Optimized weighted average cost of debt to below prepandemic levels, and strengthened unencumbered asset base
- Interest expense savings ~\$31M in 2021 by prepaying revolving credit facility and Term Loan B

SUMMARY OF CURRENT PLANNING ASSUMPTIONS FOR 3Q 2021*

METRIC	Planning Assumption
EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	\$75 – \$175 million
Revenue	(4%) – (9%) Yo2
Available Seat Miles (ASMs)	0% – (3%) Yo2
CASM ex-Fuel	11% – 13% Yo2
Operating Expenses Related to Other Non-Airline Businesses	~\$11 million
Estimated Fuel Consumption in Gallons	~213 million
Estimated Fuel Price per Gallon	\$2.09/gallon
Tax Rate (excluding the impact of Special Items)	~28%
Capital Expenditures	~\$335 million

^{*}Current planning assumption as of July 27, 2021; does not constitute guidance.



2Q 2021 FINANCIAL RESULTS

US\$ Millions	2Q 2021	2Q 2019	Yo2Y %
Total operating revenues	1,499	2,105	(28.8)
Aircraft fuel and related taxes	336	484	(30.6)
Salaries, wages and benefits	577	576	0.2
Landing fees and other rents	174	121	43.7
Depreciation and amortization	133	127	4.8
Aircraft rent	26	25	3.7
Sales and marketing	47	75	(36.8)
Maintenance, materials and repairs	164	168	(2.8)
Other operating expenses	261	277	(5.9)
Special items	(366)	2	NM
Operating (Loss) Income	147	250	(41.0)
Other Income (Expense)	(90)	(14)	NM
Income (Loss) before income taxes	57	236	(76.1)
Income tax (benefit) expense	(7)	57	NM
NET (LOSS) INCOME	64	179	(64.6)
Pre-Tax Margin	3.8%	11.2%	(7.4) pts
(Loss) Earnings per Share (EPS) (GAAP)	\$0.20	\$0.59	
Adj. Pre-Tax Margin*	(20.6%)	11.3%	(31.9) pts
Adj. (Loss) Earnings per Share (EPS)* (Non- GAAP)	(\$0.65)	\$0.60	

^{*} Refer to reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures in this Appendix A

APPENDIX A

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

JetBlue sometimes uses non-GAAP financial measures in this presentation. Non-GAAP financial measures are financial measures that are derived from the consolidated financial statements, but that are not presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States, or GAAP. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide a meaningful comparison of our results to others in the airline industry and our prior year results. Investors should consider these non-GAAP financial measures in addition to, and not as a substitute for, our financial performance measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Further, our non-GAAP information may be different from the non-GAAP information provided by other companies. The information in Appendices A and B provides an explanation of each non-GAAP financial measure and shows a reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures used in this presentation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

jetBlue^{*}

Operating expense per available seat mile, excluding fuel and related taxes, other non-airline operating expenses, and special items ("CASM Ex-Fuel")

Operating expenses per available seat mile, or CASM, is a common metric used in the airline industry. We exclude aircraft fuel and related taxes, operating expenses related to other non-airline businesses, such as JetBlue Technology Ventures and JetBlue Travel Products, and special items from operating expenses to determine CASM ex-fuel, which is a non-GAAP financial measure.

In the second quarter of 2021, special items include contra-expenses recognized on the utilization of payroll support grants received under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, and contra-expenses recognized on the Employee Retention Credits provided by the CARES Act.

Special items in the second quarter of 2019 include one-time transition costs related to the Embraer E190 fleet exit as well as one-time costs related to the implementation of our pilots' collective bargaining agreement.

We believe that CASM ex-fuel is useful for investors because it provides investors the ability to measure financial performance excluding items beyond our control, such as fuel costs, which are subject to many economic and political factors, or not related to the generation of an available seat mile, such as operating expense related to certain non-airline businesses. We believe this non-GAAP measure is more indicative of our ability to manage airline costs and is more comparable to measures reported by other major airlines.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING EXPENSE PER ASM, EXCLUDING FUEL (\$ in millions, per ASM data in cents) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended									
			June	30 ,							June	30,			
	20	21			20	19			20:	21			20	19	
	 \$	pe	r ASM		\$	pe	r ASM		\$	pe	r ASM		\$	pe	r ASM
Total operating expenses	\$ 1,352	\$	9.91	\$	1,855	\$	11.58	\$	2,379	\$	10.46	\$	3,652	\$	11.60
Less:															
Aircraft fuel and related taxes	336		2.46		484		3.02		530		2.33		921		2.93
Other non-airline expenses	11		0.08		12		0.09		20		0.09		23		0.07
Special items	(366)		(2.68)		2		0.01		(655)		(2.88)		14		0.04
Operating expenses, excluding fuel	\$ 1,371	\$	10.05	\$	1,357	\$	8.46	\$	2,484	\$	10.92	\$	2,694	\$	8.56

Adjusted Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and special Items

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization (EBITDA) is a non-GAAP financial measure. We believes this measure allows investors to better understand the financial performance of the company by presenting earnings from our business operations without including the effects of capital structure, tax rates, depreciation, and amortization. We further adjusted EBITDA to account for the impact of special items which are unusual or infrequent in nature.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE EARNINGS BEFORE INTEREST, TAXES, DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION, AND SPECIAL ITEMS (in millions) (unaudited)

		Three Mon June		d 	Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2	2021	2	2019		2021	2	2019	
Net income (loss)	\$	64	\$	179	\$	(183)	\$	221	
Less:									
Interest (expense)		(54)		(19)		(112)		(38)	
Capitalized interest		3		3		6		6	
Interest income and other		(39)		2		(37)		1	
Add back:									
Income tax (benefits)		(7)		57		(107)		73	
Depreciation and amortization		133		127		258		251	
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization	\$	280	\$	377	\$	111	\$	576	
Add back:									
Special items		(366)		2_		(655)		14	
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, and special items	\$	(86)	\$	379	\$	(544)	\$	590	

Operating expense, income (loss) before taxes, net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share, excluding special items

Our GAAP results in the applicable periods were impacted by charges that are deemed special items.

In the second quarter of 2021, special items include contraexpenses recognized on the utilization of payroll support grants received under the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021, and contra-expenses recognized on the Employee Retention Credits provided by the CARES Act.

Special items in the second quarter of 2019 include one-time transition costs related to the Embraer E190 fleet exit as well as one-time costs related to the implementation of our pilots' collective bargaining agreement.

We believe the impact of these items distort our overall trends and that our metrics are more comparable with the presentation of our results excluding the impact of these items. The table below provides a reconciliation of our GAAP reported amounts to the non-GAAP amounts excluding the impact of these items.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING EXPENSE, INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAXES, NET INCOME (LOSS) AND EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE EXCLUDING SPECIAL ITEMS

(in millions, except per share amounts) (unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended					
	June 30,			June 30,					
		2021		2019		2021		2019	
Total operating revenues	\$	1,499	\$	2,105	\$	2,232	\$	3,977	
Total operating expenses Less: Special items	\$	1,352 (366)	\$	1,855	\$	2,379 (655)	\$	3,652	
Total operating expenses excluding special items	\$	1,718	\$	1,853	\$	3,034	\$	3,638	
Operating income (loss)	\$	147	\$	250	\$	(147)	\$	325	
Add back: Special items Operating income (loss) excluding special items	\$	(366) (219)	\$	2 252	\$	(655) (802)	\$	339	
Operating margin excluding special items		-14.6%		12.0%		-35.9%		8.5%	
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$	57	\$	236	\$	(290)	\$	294	
Add back: Special items		(366)		2		(655)		14	
Income (loss) before income taxes excluding special items	\$	(309)	\$	238	\$	(945)	\$	308	
Pre-tax margin excluding special items		-20.6%		11.3%		-42.3%		7.7%	
Net income (loss)	\$	64	\$	179	\$	(183)	\$	221	
Add back: Special items		(366)		2		(655)		14	
Less: Income tax (expense) benefit related to special items Net income (loss) excluding special items	\$	(96) (206)	\$	1 180	\$	(173) (665)	\$	3 232	
Net income (loss) excluding special items	Ф	(200)	Φ	100	Ф	(003)	Φ	232	
Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share:									
Basic	\$	0.20	\$	0.60	\$	(0.58)	\$	0.73	
Add back: Special items, net of tax		(0.85)		-		(1.52)		0.03	
Basic excluding special items	\$	(0.65)	\$	0.60	\$	(2.10)	\$	0.76	
Diluted	\$	0.20	\$	0.59	\$	(0.58)	\$	0.73	
Add back: Special items, net of tax		(0.85)		0.01		(1.52)		0.03	
Diluted excluding special items	\$	(0.65)	\$	0.60	\$	(2.10)	\$	0.76	

APPENDIX B: CALCULATION OF LEVERAGE RATIOS

Adjusted debt to capitalization ratio

Adjusted debt to capitalization ratio is a non-GAAP financial metric which we believe is helpful to investors in assessing the company's overall debt profile. Adjusted debt includes aircraft operating lease liabilities, in addition to total debt and finance leases, to present estimated financial obligations. Adjusted capitalization represents total equity plus adjusted debt.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE ADJUSTED DEBT TO CAPITALIZATION RATIO (in millions) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2021		Marc	h 31, 2021	December 31, 2019	
Long-term debt and finance leases	\$	3,998	\$	4,619	\$	1,990
Current maturities of long-term debt and finance leases		432		463		344
Operating lease liabilities - aircraft		239		256		183
Adjusted debt	\$	4,669	\$	5,338	\$	2,517
Long-term debt and finance leases	\$	3,998	\$	4,619	\$	1,990
Current maturities of long-term debt and finance leases		432		463		344
Operating lease liabilities - aircraft		239		256		183
Stockholders' equity		3,813		3,714		4,799
Adjusted capitalization	\$	8,482	\$	9,052	\$	7,316
Adjusted debt to capitalization ratio		55%		59%		34%

Adjusted net debt

Adjusted net debt is a non-GAAP financial measure which we believe is helpful to investors in assessing our overall debt profile. We reduce our adjusted debt by cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments resulting in adjusted net debt, to present the amount of assets needed to satisfy our debt obligations.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURE ADJUSTED NET DEBT (in millions) (unaudited)

	June 30, 2021		Marc	h 31, 2021	December 31, 2019	
Long-term debt and finance leases	\$	3,998	\$	4,619	\$	1,990
Current maturities of long-term debt and finance leases		432		463		344
Operating lease liabilities - aircraft		239		256		183
Adjusted Debt		4,669		5,338		2,517
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,409	\$	2,358	\$	959
Short-term investments		1,317		867		369
Total Liquidity		3,726		3,225		1,328
Adjusted Net Debt	\$	943	\$	2,113	\$	1,189

APPENDIX C: CONTRACTUAL ORDER BOOK

	A220	A321NEO	A321NEO LR	Total
2021*	7	5	3	15
2022	9	-	3	12

Delivery schedule, as of July 27, 2021

*Includes 9 deliveries received in 1H21

APPENDIX D: RELEVANT JETBLUE MATERIALS

www.investor.jetblue.com/investor-relations

DOCUMENT	LOCATION
Investor Presentations	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/events-and-presentations/presentations
Earnings Releases	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/quarterly-results
Annual Reports	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/reports/annual-reports
SEC Filings	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/sec-filings
Proxy Statements	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/reports/proxy-statements
Investor Updates	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/investor-updates
Traffic Reports	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/traffic-releases
ESG Reports*	http://blueir.investproductions.com/investor-relations/financial-information/reports/sustainable-accounting-standards-board-reports

^{*} Environmental, Social, and Governance Reports